(i) Child Development and Pedagogy
(Relevant to Age Group 6 - 11)

Part (A): Child Development
Unit-I: The Children’s Profile at the Beginning of Primary Education—Physical and Cognitive.
Trends in physical growth—Hormonal influences on physical growth—Development of neurons Symbolic thinking and limits of logic—Sensory motor stage-Pre operational stage-Language Development—Influence of home environment, attitude of family members on cognitive development of the child-Identity status and psychological well being.

Unit-II: The Children’s Profile at the Beginning of Primary Education—Social and Emotional.

Unit-III: Physical & Intellectual Development during Primary School Years (6 to 10 Years)
Unit-IV: Social and Emotional Development during Primary School Years (6 to 10 Years)

Meaning of social development-social expectations-Children’s Friendships-factors in friendship and choices of companions social acceptance-the desire to belong-peer grouping-Effects of schooling on social, emotional, and cultural spheres-Pattern of emotional development-common emotional patterns-the role of maturation and-learning in emotional development how children develop likes and dislikes to subjects, teachers, school, other students-emotional balance impact of media on emotional development.

Unit-V: Moral Development during Primary School Years (6 to 10 Years)


Part (B): Learning.

Unit-I: Learning.

Dynamic internal process-connecting old knowledge to new information-language learning-acquiring learning habits-learning to adapt to diverse situations in life-Nature of learning-learning through interactions.

Unit-II: Types, levels and approaches to Learning.


Unit-III: Concepts and constructs.

Concepts and constructs-concept-formation-Use of materials activities, scheme pictures, real life experiences-construct mental representations of
external reality-connecting ideas generated by students due to exposure to peers, media and community-concept mapping.

**Unit-IV: Factors Contributing to Learning.**
Personal psychological, social, emotional factors and school related factors, Learning style; teaching strategies; media; technology;
1. Teaching Learning Process
2. Teacher’s personality traits.

**Unit-V: Constructivist Approach to Learning.**
Learners construct knowledge for themselves-constructing meaning is learning-focus on the learner not on the lesson taught- Personal and social construction of meaning-Learning to Learn making meaning Learning, a social activity-ZPD.

**Unit-VI: Learning and Knowledge**
Active learner-Nurturing learners’ active and creative activities children’s voices and experiences-integrating their experiences with School Knowledge-Right to learn-Physical and emotional security for learning. Conceptual development-continous process-All children capable of learning-important aspects of learning-various ways of learning-Cognitive readiness for learning-Learning in and outside the school-knowledge and understanding-recreating knowledge-manifesto for learning.